ADDITIONS TO THE INTRODUCED FLORA OF CALIFORNIA. S. B. PARISH

RICHARDIA AFRICANIA Spreng. The common Calla Lily has established itself in a marsh on the borders of Bolinas Bay.

CYTISSUS MONSPESSULANUS Linn. Abundant for some distance along both sides of a side road in the hills of Palo Colorado Cañon, Monterey County, June 23, 1921, S. B. Parish 20046. This road passes the entrance to an inhabited clearing in the redwood forest. A shrub 4 to 5 feet high, at the time of collection heavily laden with fruit. A native of Europe.

ALTHEA ROSEA Cav. The Hollyhock is a common weed in gardens and waste places and along waysides at Berkeley. An escape from cultivation. When growing spontaneously it is a short-lived perennial, and the flowers are of shades of rose pink. SALVIA VERBENACA Linn. Well established in parkings, and es-

caping into the adjacent hillside, at Scenic and Leroy avenues, Berkeley, May, 1921, S. B. Parish 20069. Also on the University of California campus near the North Gate. A perennial herb, native of Europe.

A NEW SPECIES OF ERIOGONUM FROM CALIFORNIA WILLIS LINN JEPSON

In March, 1922, there was sent me from the upper San Joaquin Valley on the west side by Mr. James M. Perry a portion of a summer or autumn annual that, after drying, had persisted through the winter. As we know little about our spring and summer annuals following the fruiting phase, that is during the period of weathering and disorganization of the plant body in the winter, I took it at first glance to be an unknown or late stage of Eriogonum angulosum Bth.

The bractlets, persistent in vertical rows, form a columnar structure about 3 lines high; the flower axillary to the bractlets had fallen but there remained a terminal cluster of about 5 to 8 flowers which possess distinctive characters and set it off from E. angulosum.

Eriogonum bidentatum Jepson n. sp. Diffuse annual 5 to 7 inches high; stems repeatedly dichotomous; pedicels 3 to 5 lines long, borne in the forks and terminal, sometimes markedly racemose; bractlets of the involucre spoon-shaped; inner and outer perianth segments very unlike, somewhat unequal, the inner erect, linearlanceolate, acuminate, arising from a dilated base, the outer spreading a little or approximate about the inner ones; the inner ones rounded-cucullate at the apex with a notch in the hood, each side of the notch ending in a small point; filaments little longer than the ovary.

Collected near Taft by Jas. M. Perry (type). It differs technically MADROÑO, vol. 1, pp. 115-130, Apr. 30, 1923.